PREPARING PRE-SERVICE TEACHERS IN DEAF EDUCATION TO OBSERVE, UNDERSTAND, & RESPOND TO CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (CA/N)

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Presentation Adapted with Permission from Dr. Harold A. Johnson/Professor Michigan State University



- Announcements
- Two presentations

Child Abuse & Neglect
 Social & Cognitive Factors

 Not easy
 Emotional
 Ignoring only increases the problem

Impact of Hearing Loss

While even a mild, unilateral (i.e., one ear) hearing loss can negatively impact a child's academic performance (Antia, 2010), the 327,000 children who are either deaf, or experience a lot of trouble hearing, experience **GREAT** difficulty in developing the knowledge, communication strategies and self advocacy skills needed to prevent, or stop the maltreatment they experience.

Parents of children who are d/hh and the professionals who work with them are largely unaware of the fact that children with disabilities experience maltreatment at a rate that is 3x greater than that of their nondisabled peers (Marge, 2003; Sullivan, & Knutson, 2000).

This lack of awareness increases the risk for maltreatment, while simultaneously reducing the availability and efficacy of maltreatment services and programs. DHH Child Learning Language

Parent Learning to Communicate

Child Susceptible Limited ability to Self-Advocate

Investigation

The investigation examined the extent to which parents and professionals who work with children who are deaf/hard of hearirng (d/hh) are informed and prepared to recognize and respond to possible incidences of child abuse and/or neglect CA/N.

Demographic Data

322 respondents to a 2008 survey:

- Most (60%) were between the ages of 35-54.
- Most (80%) had greater than a B.A./B.S. degree.
- Most (90%) were female
- Most (88%) were professionals
- Most (82%) were hearing
- Most (70%) had 11+ years of experience in interacting with individuals who were d/hh
- Most (82%) had daily interactions with individuals who were d/hh
- A majority (51%) used speech & sign in those interactions, with the rest using speech (25%), or sign (18%)

Findings

 Training re. CA/N:
 Majority (64%) had formal training re. CA/N, but only in a minority (29%) of cases, was the training specific to children who were d/hh A majority (58%) indicated they were only somewhat, or not confident in their knowledge regarding how to respond to a child who is d/hh and possible the victim of CA/N

Finally, a majority (88%) of the respondents expressed a desire to learn more about the prevention and recognition of CA/N as experienced by children who were d/hh.

We are starting EARLY!

- What are the different kinds of Abuse:
 - Neglect
 - Physical
 - Sexual
 - Emotional/Psychologicl
- Understanding, Observing, Reporting
- Video
 - Some graphic parts-option to leave and return
 - Cover eyes warning?
 - Abused kids: See it! Stop it!

Child Abuse in Residential Schools

Hawaii

http://www.courthousenews.com/2011/08/1 5/Ringleaders.pdf

Several Listed:

http://deafness.about.com/cs/educationgeneral /a/sexabuse.htm

North Carolina <u>http://www.alldeaf.com/deaf-education/79977-abuse-claims-n-c-school-deaf.html</u>

What can we do to increase our knowledge base, prevention, and services concerning children with disabilities, abuse, and neglect?



amazon.com

Elephant: emotional response

Ryder: conceptual understanding-

Path: clear action steps



The presence of a disability significantly increases the risk of CA/N.

1. Share what we know = wiki based Author's Corner

 Identify, link, and support existing experts

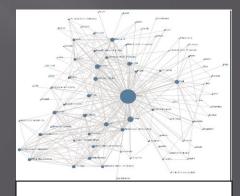
Bright Spots

3. Establish an online"Community ofLearners" concerningCA/N & Children w/Disabilities

Dr. Johnson is creating a wiki that would bring Professionals together to collaborate and work toward Increasing awareness and reducing the cases of CA/N.

Bright Spots Project

 The identification of 100 community leaders to serve as "Bright Spots," i.e., respected and trusted individuals who participate in a community of learners to share, gather, and develop the knowledge, skills, and programs needed to increase awareness, enhance communication, and establish programs for the protection and success of our children.





Arming you with TOOLS!

See Handouts

- Recognizing Child Abuse and Neglect: Signs and Symptoms.
 - <u>http://www.childwelfare.gov/pubs/factsheets/sig</u> <u>ns.cfm</u>
- Long-Term Consequences of Child Abuse and Neglect

<u>http://www.childwelfare.gov/pubs/factsheets/long_term_consequences.cfm</u>

Resource: Definitions of Child Abuse & Neglect

- 11th Commandment video (captioned & described by Described & Captioned Media) Critical <u>Resources</u>
 - <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7icgPX88Q6</u> <u>Q</u> "11 Commandment" w/ <u>captioned & described</u>
 - Do?Tell! DVD w/ ASL & Spanish
- What is Child Abuse and Neglect?
 - <u>http://www.childwelfare.gov/pubs/factsheets/whatisc</u> <u>an.cfm</u>
- Preventing Child Abuse and Neglect.
 - <u>http://www.childwelfare.gov/pubs/factsheets/preventingcan.cfm</u>

Resources/Tools

- http://www.childwelfare.gov/edtoolkit/browse. html free resources for educators
- Advocacy Services for Abused Deaf Women and Children (<u>DOVE</u>)
- Child Abuse & Neglect Community of Learners for Children with Disabilities (wiki)
- ChildHelp Deaf & Hard of Hearing Children Helpline:

1-800-222-4453

- Deaf Education Web Site (Deafed)
- Described and Captioned Media Programs (<u>DCMP</u>)
- Sorenson Video Relay Services (VRS)

Role Play

- In groups of 3 you will be assigned a type of abuse:
 - Neglect, Physical, Sexual, Emotional
- What might this abuse look like in the classroom?
 - Provide examples
- Think of scenario (5 min),
- □ Act it out (3 min)
- As a class, we discuss how to O.U.R. (5 min)
 - OBSERVE
 - UNDERSTAND
 - RESPOND

Observe, Understand, Respond CA/N



Deaf & Hard of Hearing Children Helpline: 1-800-222-4453

H. Johnson/MSU

Thank You & Contact Information

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