

Initial Common Specialty Items

| Initial Prepa | ration Standard 1: Learner Development and Individual Learning Differences |
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| Knowledge | |
| ICSI.1.K1 | Typical and atypical human growth and development |
| ICSI.1.K2 | Similarities and differences among individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.1.K3 | Educational implications of characteristics of various exceptionalities |
| ICSI.1.K4 | Family systems and the role of families in supporting development |
| ICSI.1.K5 | Cultural perspectives influencing the relationships among families, schools, and communities as related to instruction |
| ICSI.1.K6 | Variations in beliefs, traditions, and values across and within cultures and their effects on relationships among individuals with exceptionalities, family, and schooling |
| ICSI.1.K7 | Characteristics and effects of the cultural and environmental milieu of the individual with exceptionalities and the family |
| ICSI.1.K8 | Similarities and differences of individuals with and without exceptionalities |
| ICSI.1.K9 | Effects of various medications on individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.1.K10 | Effects an exceptional condition or conditions can have on an individual's life |
| ICSI.1.K11 | Effect of learners' academic and social abilities, attitudes, interests, and values on instruction and career development |
| ICSI.1.K12 | Differing ways of learning of individuals with exceptionalities, including those from culturally diverse backgrounds, and strategies for addressing these differences |
| ICSI.1.K13 | Effects of cultural and linguistic differences on growth and development |
| ICSI.1.K14 | Characteristics of one's own culture and use of language and the ways in which these can differ from other cultures and uses of languages |
| ICSI.1.K15 | Ways of behaving and communicating among cultures that can lead to misinterpretation and misunderstanding |
| Skills | |
| None specifie | ed |

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| Initial Preparation Standard 2: Learning Environments | | |
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| Knowledge | Knowledge | |
| ICSI.2.K1 | Demands of learning environments | |
| ICSI.2.K2 | Basic classroom management theories and strategies for individuals with exceptionalities | |
| ICSI.2.K3 | Effective management of teaching and learning | |
| ICSI.2.K4 | Teacher attitudes and behaviors that influence behavior of individuals with exceptionalities | |
| ICSI.2.K5 | Social skills needed for educational and other environments | |
| ICSI.2.K6 | Strategies for crisis prevention and intervention | |
| ICSI.2.K7 | Strategies for preparing individuals to live harmoniously and productively in a culturally diverse world | |
| ICSI.2.K8 | Ways to create learning environments that allow individuals to retain and appreciate their own and each other's respective language and cultural heritage | |
| ICSI.2.K9 | Ways cultures are negatively stereotyped | |
| ICSI.2.K10 | Strategies used by diverse populations to cope with a legacy of former and continuing racism | |



| Initial Preparation Standard 2: Learning Environments (cont'd) | |
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| Skills | |
| ICSI.2.S1 | Create a safe, equitable, positive, and supportive learning environment in which diversities are valued |
| ICSI.2.S2 | Identify realistic expectations for personal and social behavior in various settings |
| ICSI.2.S3 | Identify supports needed for integration into various program placements |
| ICSI.2.S4 | Design learning environments that encourage active participation in individual and group activities |
| ICSI.2.S5 | Modify the learning environment to manage behaviors |
| ICSI.2.S6 | Use performance data and information from all stakeholders to make or suggest modifications in learning environments |
| ICSI.2.S7 | Establish and maintain rapport with individuals with and without exceptionalities |
| ICSI.2.S8 | Teach self-advocacy |
| ICSI.2.S9 | Create an environment that encourages self-advocacy and increased independence |
| ICSI.2.S10 | Use effective and varied behavior management strategies |
| ICSI.2.S11 | Use the least intensive behavior management strategy consistent with the needs of the individual with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.2.S12 | Design and manage daily routines |
| ICSI.2.S13 | Organize, develop, and sustain learning environments that support positive intra- and intercultural experiences |
| ICSI.2.S14 | Mediate controversial intercultural issues among individuals with exceptionalities within the learning environment in ways that enhance any culture, group, or person |
| ICSI.2.S15 | Structure, direct, and support the activities of paraeducators, volunteers, and tutors |
| ICSI.2.S16 | Use universal precautions |



| Initial Preparation Standard 3: Curricular Content Knowledge | | |
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| Knowledge | Knowledge | |
| ICSI.3.K1 | Theories and research that form the basis of curriculum development and instructional practice | |
| ICSI.3.K2 | Scope and sequences of general and special curricula | |
| ICSI.3.K3 | National, state or provincial, and local curricula standards | |
| ICSI.3.K4 | Technology for planning and managing the teaching and learning environment | |
| Skills | | |
| ICSI.3.S1 | Identify and prioritize areas of the general education curriculum and accommodations for individuals with exceptionalities | |
| ICSI.3.S2 | Integrate affective, social, and life skills with academic curricula | |

| Initial Preparation Standard 4: Assessment | |
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| Knowledge | |
| ICSI.4.K1 | Basic terminology used in assessment |
| ICSI.4.K2 | Legal provisions and ethical principles regarding assessment of individuals |
| ICSI.4.K3 | Screening, prereferral, referral, and classification procedures |
| ICSI.4.K4 | Use and limitations of assessment instruments |
| ICSI.4.K5 | National, state or provincial, and local accommodations and modifications |
| Skills | |
| ICSI.4.S1 | Gather relevant background information |
| ICSI.4.S2 | Administer nonbiased formal and informal assessments |
| ICSI.4.S3 | Use technology to conduct assessments |
| ICSI.4.S4 | Develop or modify individualized assessment strategies |
| ICSI.4.S5 | Interpret information from formal and informal assessments |
| ICSI.4.S6 | Use assessment information in making eligibility, program, and placement decisions for individuals with exceptionalities, including those from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds |
| ICSI.4.S7 | Report assessment results to all stakeholders using effective communication skills |
| ICSI.4.S8 | Evaluate instruction and monitor progress of individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.4.S9 | Create and maintain records |



| Initial Preparation Standard 5: Instructional Planning and Strategies | |
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| Knowledge | |
| ICSI.5.K1 | Roles and responsibilities of the paraeducator related to instruction, intervention, and direct service |
| ICSI.5.K2 | Evidence-based practices validated for specific characteristics of learners and settings |
| ICSI.5.K3 | Augmentative and assistive communication strategies |



| Initial Preparation Standard 5: Instructional Planning and Strategies (cont'd) | |
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| Skills | |
| ICSI.5.S1 | Develop and implement comprehensive, longitudinal individualized programs in collaboration with team members |
| ICSI.5.S2 | Involve the individual and family in setting instructional goals and monitoring progress |
| ICSI.5.S3 | Use functional assessments to develop intervention plans |
| ICSI.5.S4 | Use task analysis |
| ICSI.5.S5 | Sequence, implement, and evaluate individualized learning objectives |
| ICSI.5.S6 | Develop and select instructional content, resources, and strategies that respond to cultural, linguistic, and gender differences |
| ICSI.5.S7 | Incorporate and implement instructional and assistive technology into the educational program |
| ICSI.5.S8 | Prepare lesson plans |
| ICSI.5.S9 | Prepare and organize materials to implement daily lesson plans |
| ICSI.5.S10 | Use instructional time effectively |
| ICSI.5.S11 | Make responsive adjustments to instruction based on continual observations |
| ICSI.5.S12 | Prepare individuals to exhibit self-enhancing behavior in response to societal attitudes and actions |
| ICSI.5.S13 | Use strategies to facilitate integration into various settings |
| ICSI.5.S14 | Teach individuals to use self-assessment, problem solving, and other cognitive strategies to meet their needs |
| ICSI.5.S15 | Select, adapt, and use instructional strategies and materials according to characteristics of the individual with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.5.S16 | Use strategies to facilitate maintenance and generalization of skills across learning environments |
| ICSI.5.S17 | Use procedures to increase the individual's self-awareness, self-management, self-control, self-reliance, and self-esteem |
| ICSI.5.S18 | Use strategies that promote successful transitions for individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.5.S19 | Use strategies to support and enhance communication skills of individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.5.S20 | Use communication strategies and resources to facilitate understanding of subject matter for individuals with exceptionalities whose primary language is not the dominant language |
| ICSI.5.S21 | Modify instructional practices in response to ongoing assessment data |



| Initial Preparation Standard 6: Professional Learning and Ethical Practice | |
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| Knowledge | |
| ICSI.6.K1 | Models, theories, philosophies, and research methods that form the basis for special education practice |
| ICSI.6.K2 | Laws, policies, and ethical principles regarding behavior management planning and implementation |
| ICSI.6.K3 | Relationship of special education to the organization and function of educational agencies |
| ICSI.6.K4 | Rights and responsibilities of individuals with exceptionalities, their families, teachers, and other professionals, and schools related to exceptionalities |
| ICSI.6.K5 | Issues in definition and identification of individuals with exceptionalities, including those from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds |
| ICSI.6.K6 | Issues, assurances and due process rights related to assessment, eligibility, and placement within a continuum of services |
| ICSI.6.K7 | Family systems and the role of families in the educational process |
| ICSI.6.K8 | Historical points of view and contribution of culturally diverse groups |
| ICSI.6.K9 | Impact of the dominant culture on shaping schools and the individuals who study and work in them |
| ICSI.6.K10 | Potential impact of differences in values, languages, and customs that can exist between the home and school |
| ICSI.6.K11 | Personal cultural biases and differences that affect one's teaching |
| ICSI.6.K12 | Importance of the teacher serving as a model for individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.6.K13 | Continuum of lifelong professional development |
| ICSI.6.K14 | Methods to remain current regarding research-validated practice |



| Initial Preparation Standard 6: Professional Learning and Ethical Practice (cont'd) | |
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| Skills | |
| ICSI.6.S1 | Practice within the CEC Code of Ethics and other standards of the profession |
| ICSI.6.S2 | Uphold high standards of competence and integrity and exercise sound judgment in the practice of the profession |
| ICSI.6.S3 | Act ethically in advocating for appropriate services |
| ICSI.6.S4 | Conduct professional activities in compliance with applicable laws and policies |
| ICSI.6.S5 | Demonstrate commitment to developing the highest education and quality-of-life potential of individuals with exceptionalities |
| ICSI.6.S6 | Demonstrate sensitivity for the culture, language, religion, gender, disability, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation of individuals |
| ICSI.6.S7 | Practice within one's skill limits and obtain assistance as needed |
| ICSI.6.S8 | Use verbal, nonverbal, and written language effectively |
| ICSI.6.S9 | Conduct self-evaluation of instruction |
| ICSI.6.S10 | Access information on exceptionalities |
| ICSI.6.S11 | Reflect on one's practice to improve instruction and guide professional growth |
| ICSI.6.S12 | Engage in professional activities that benefit individuals with exceptionalities, their families, and one's colleagues |
| ICSI.6.S13 | Demonstrate commitment to engage in evidence-based practices |
| ICSI.6.S14 | Articulate personal philosophy of special education |



| Initial Preparation Standard 7: Collaboration | | |
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| Knowledge | Knowledge | |
| ICSI.7.K1 | Models and strategies of consultation and collaboration | |
| ICSI.7.K2 | Roles of individuals with exceptionalities, families, and school and community personnel in planning of an individualized program | |
| ICSI.7.K3 | Concerns of families of individuals with exceptionalities and strategies to help address these concerns | |
| ICSI.7.K4 | Culturally responsive factors that promote effective communication and collaboration with individuals with exceptionalities, families, school personnel, and community members | |
| Skills | | |
| ICSI.7.S1 | Maintain confidential communication about individuals with exceptionalities | |
| ICSI.7.S2 | Collaborate with families and others in assessment of individuals with exceptionalities | |
| ICSI.7.S3 | Foster respectful and beneficial relationships between families and professionals | |
| ICSI.7.S4 | Assist individuals with exceptionalities and their families in becoming active participants in the educational team | |
| ICSI.7.S5 | Plan and conduct collaborative conferences with individuals with exceptionalities and their families | |
| ICSI.7.S6 | Collaborate with school personnel and community members in integrating individuals with exceptionalities into various settings | |
| ICSI.7.S7 | Use group problem-solving skills to develop, implement, and evaluate collaborative activities | |
| ICSI.7.S8 | Model techniques and coach others in the use of instructional methods and accommodations | |
| ICSI.7.S9 | Communicate with school personnel about the characteristics and needs of individuals with exceptionalities | |
| ICSI.7.S10 | Communicate effectively with families of individuals with exceptionalities from diverse backgrounds | |
| ICSI.7.S11 | Observe, evaluate, and provide feedback to paraeducators | |